



Growing Conditions

2004 was a challenging growing season with an abundance of rain in the winter and spring months, followed by a weeklong heat spell in both September and October. Syrah is a late ripening varietal, which can create risk in cooler climates as there then becomes a need to push hang time into the more inclement months of fall. In order to achieve optimal flavor and tannin development, we prefer the fruit to hang into October and November. The shorter the days become, the less sunlight available and the threat of rain ensues. Ideally, this ripens the fruit very slowly at a gradual rate, though also puts us at the reigns of potential mildew and rain dilution, as we wait patiently for the ideal morning to harvest. Without risk, there is no reward.

Tasting Notes

...deep, rich, heady, firm, earthy effort displaying animal, herb, and meat characteristics. While outstanding, it is monolithic and earth-driven. 90 points
Robert Parker, The Wine Advocate

Production Notes

96 cases produced
15.0% alcohol
Native Yeast for both Primary and Malolactic Fermentations
Not Fined and Not Filtered